

Hong Kong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857

No. 12,902

號二百九十二萬零九

四初日六中五十二

HONGKONG TUESDAY, JULY 11th, 1899.

二年

九十七年九百八十八年英華有

GOLD MORTALS PARTS 1000 DWT
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
PENS.

The Only
Award
Chicago, 1893
Medals and Medals
Barrel Pens, 225, 226, 228,
Slip Pens, 325, 326, 327, 328,
Ink Pens, 329, and Broad
Pens
THE NEW TURNED-UP POINT, 1000
[all]

PRICE \$24 PER MONTH.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 9, ASIAN, British str., 2,354, Golding,
H.M.S. Army Ship, General—DUN-
WELL & CO., LTD.

July 9, TIRAM, British str., 1,405, Ramsey
Arrived 10 a.m. on 7th July. General—DUN-
WELL & CO., LTD.

July 10, SAMIA, German str., 3,206, Lanzes-
lack, Foochow 5th July. General—CAB-
LOWE & CO.

July 10, JAPAN MARU, Japanese str., 3,636, W.
Hainbridge, Kobe 5th July. General—
NIPON YUSEN KAISHA.

July 10, LOOCH, British str., 1,020, Jepp
Arrived 10 a.m. on 7th July. General—
S. B. BLOOM & TURNER.

July 10, NESTOR, British str., 2,417, W. Aquil-
Moi 6th July. General—DUN-
WELL & CO., LTD.

July 10, YENGANG, British str., 88, L. A.
Muir, Swatow 7th July. General—
MATHESON & CO.

— CLEAVERS.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTERS' OFFICE
10th JULY.

Hainan, German str., for Chefoo.

Quaria, German str., for Saigon.

Meico, Chinese str., for Shanghai.

Sister, American str., for Foochow.

Gloucester, British str., for Singapore.

Esmeralda, British str., for Manila.

Tondela, British str., for Singapore.

Charterhouse, British str., for Amoy.

Talweng, British str., for Singapore.

Inake Maru, Japanese str., for Singapore.

Rafaela, British str., for Singapore.

Italian, Italian str., for Singapore.

DEPARTURES.

July 9, SHIN MARU, Japanese str., for Moji.

July 10, HAINAN, German str., for Bombay.

July 10, TANTALUS, British str., for London.

July 10, TAKALAN, British str., for Singapore.

PASSENGERS.

ABROAD.

Per Jacob Mora, from Kobe, for Singapore.

Mr. S. B. T. for Marseilles. Lieut.-Col. T.
Matsukawa, Lieut. K. Moriyama, Messrs. K.
Hidematsu, and D. D. H. Mine, for London.

Comte T. Sato, Lieut. T. T. T. for
Kobayashi, Toyama, G. A. G. C. H. Miller,
Messrs. J. B. Pearce, J. Collett, E. C. Phillips,
A. E. Collingwood, and Capt. Harvey.

REPLACED.

Per Rohde, from Hong Kong, for Nagasaki.

Mr. Karoku Yamamoto, Mr. K. Iwasa, Inspector

Scott, for Yokohama. Messrs. J. G. Schurz,
T. F. Hough, A. M. Marshall, Lieut.-Col. The

O'Gorman, and Madam O'Gorman, for Kobe.

Mr. and Mrs. London, Mr. and Mrs. White-
head, and 2 children, from Marseilles, Mr.

the same.

VESSELS IN DOCK.

ASIAN DOCKS—Lala de Coba, Ida de

Wach, H. M. Hart, Belgian King, Astor,
Holstein.

CONSTITUTION DOCK—Don Juan de Austria,
Germania, Centaur.

TO-DAY.

Auction of Household Furniture, at Sale

Rooms Mr. V. L. Remond at 2:30 p.m.

VISITORS AT HOTELS.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mr. J. H. Atiles, Mr. J. Jackson

Mrs. Angus, Mr. B. C. Bailey, Mr. K. Tanaka

Mr. Ernest N. B. Bailey, Mr. & Mrs. Joseph

W. H. B. Bailey, Mr. & Mrs. K. Kies

Dr. B. B. Bailey, Mr. K. Kinoshita

Mr. J. B. Barlow, Mr. J. Kirkwood

Mr. F. Bennett, Mr. & Mrs. M. E. Lam

Mr. J. Beredo, Governor, Mr. N. Lee

Mr. J. B. B. Beredo, Mr. Lew. A. Lovell

Mr. J. B. B. Beredo, Mr. J. W. Lovell

Mr. J. B. B. Beredo, Mr. J. Y. Macmillan

Mr. C. M. G. Burns, Mr. O. Miller

Capt. Burns, Mr. G. M. Burns

Mr. J. B. Carpenter, Mr. A. van Nierop

Dr. J. B. Carpenter, Mr. C. W. Purdy

Mr. A. H. Ellis, Mr. W. Parke

Mr. G. G. Fletcher, Mr. W. Phillips

Mr. P. E. Gay, Mr. P. E. Phillips

Mr. P. E. Gay, Mr. S. J. Robinson

Major & Mrs. Griffin, Mr. H. H. Shoobridge

Mr. J. J. Grimes, Mr. A. A. Spratt

Mr. J. H. H. Grimes, Mr. E. De Wit

Mr. H. H. H. Grimes, Mr. W. White

Mr. E. H. H. Grimes, Mr. A. W. White

Mr. Kardon Hughes, Mr. G. H. Wheeler

PEACHTREES.

NOEL'S SPECTATING BILLIARD P

Absolutely Sociable and Watering

THE BEST BILLIARD ROOM IN THE WORLD.

PAISON OF 12 BILLIARD CARDBOARDS.

INTIMATIONS

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

MANUFACTURERS OF

AERATED WATERS.

AERATED WATERS of our manufacture are sold throughout the Far East and are invariably preferred on account of their excellence.

ABSOLUTE PURITY is guaranteed. The best materials only are used.

The PRICES are only half those charged in England.

WATERS MANUFACTURED BY US are acknowledged by the leading English houses to be equal to those of their own production.

Sir Edward Frankland, K.C.B., D.C.L., F.R.S., F.C.S., &c. the greatest living authority on Water, reports as follows on the water as prepared and used by us in our manufacture:

"It possesses an extremely high degree of organic purity and is of most excellent quality for drinking."

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Established A.D. 1841.

[23]

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS
Our communications relating to the Chinese
should be addressed in this column.
Correspondents are requested to make
no application for insertion of their names
in the list of correspondents, but to give
all letters for publication should be directed
to the editor of this paper, or to the
Editor, *Hongkong Daily Press*, 10, Queen's
Road, Hongkong, P.O. Box 12.The *Daily Press*,
Hongkong, July 11th, 1899.

A Government Gazette extraordinary was issued yesterday afternoon declaring Amoy an infected port.

The only cases of infectious disease reported last week, in addition to plague, were one case of enteric fever, on the steamer *Diamond*, and one case of smallpox.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Nethersole Hospitals begs to acknowledge with the thanks the following donation to the funds of the Hospitals:—Carmichael & Co., Limited, \$15.

From the *Peking and Tientsin Times* we learn that Sir Robert Hart entertained the British, American, French, German, Russian, Japanese, Belgian and Italian Ministers at a banquet on the 26th June.

During the week ended 5th July there were 160 cases of plague and 90 deaths, as compared with 142 cases and 144 deaths the previous week. On Sunday there were 12 cases and 15 deaths and yesterday 14 cases and 10 deaths.

On Sunday at the Club Luncheon Mr. J. N. A. Sibley, former Government electrician, made some experiments illustrative of wireless telegraphy. We understand that Mr. Sibley will repeat his demonstration to-morrow.

Mr. Bourneville Willmott, U.S. Consul-General, has favoured us with the following typhoon warning, dated Manila Observatory, 10. am. July 10th.—"Typhoon of Basco and Batangas Channels. Moving northward, probably recurring."

A Hankow dispatch states that there has been fighting between Protestant and R.C. converts at Shantou, Hainan province, and of such a serious nature that troops will have to be sent by the Hankow Tientsin to the scene of the trouble.

"Looker-on" in the *Japan Gazette* is our author, and the following evening service on the 25th June at the congregation of Christ Church, Yokohama, witnessed with becoming gravity to the following injunction by their excellent pastor:—"White choir, is singing the anthem 'O, ye that stand in the House of the Lord' the congregation will please remain seated."

At the Magistrate's yesterday afternoon eight men were arrested with being condemned to be flogged at Pot-House, near Wu Loong, on the 5th inst., when \$1,500 in money was stolen and goods to the value of \$1,600. A Chinese constable said that he went to the scene of the robbery on the evening of the 17th inst. for the purpose of making inquiries, and on the following morning he and Inspector McDonald and two Chinese constables went to a shop in the street and arrested eight men, of whom he found some of the articles which had been stolen and also five loaded rifles, eight swords and knives, and some revolvers. Four scimitars were recovered.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. G. J. W. King offered for sale by public auction several lots of Chinese silk, and Indian silk, which amounted in value to \$1,000. The silk contained 1,480 square feet, and Indian lot 1,655, in the same street and containing 1,632 square feet, were bought by Mr. Li Peng, contractor, the former for \$1,200 (upset price \$740, annual rent \$17) and the latter for \$1,500 (upset price \$920, annual rent \$21). Several lots above Robinson road were offered. Lot 1544 was bought by Mr. Sui Sui Wan for \$8,000. The lot contained 41,064 square feet, and Indian lot 1,655, for \$4,200. Lots 1,645, 1,646, and 1,647 purchased by Mr. A. Shafet Hooper bought lot 1545 for \$3,730 (upset price \$2,727); annual rent \$227, area 47,529 square feet.

Mr. D. Stephens was the purchaser of lot 1540, which contains 23,250 square feet, annual rent \$153. The upset price was \$2,670, and the amount realized was \$4,010.

On Saturday Messrs. Hughes and Hough offered for sale by auction Marine Lot No. 110. The property, which is known as 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, and 101, 7th Wharf Road, is held for the residue of a term of 999 years, a yearly crown rent of \$671.9. It was purchased by Mr. Ting Tse Ling for \$51,450, which is at the rate of \$7.75 per foot.

On Friday Sergeant Watt, of the Royal Engineers, was taken to hospital, his temperature registering 100, and he died on Saturday morning from heart apoplexy. Dressed, who was the son of Mr. Watt, leaves a wife and a young child. The funeral took place on Friday, and was attended by many of deceased's late comrades and the Engineers.

A newly-arrived student of the French Legation, whilst riding outside the Chung-yang Gate, Peking, on Sunday, 25th June, jested against two mounted Chinese soldiers. They were so irritated, probably, and the young student so foolish, that he struck them both, and they attacked him, and together with some of the bystanders gave him a bit of a mauling. As he was soon going about Peking this evening, however, he was presumably not seriously hurt, but such impudence might have caused his death.—*Peking and Tientsin Times*.

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS CONTROL ON LIAKIN.

It will be remembered that the severity given by China against the Anglo-German loan of 1895 consisted of the then unprofitable nature of the Imperial Maritime Customs revenue, together with a first charge upon the general and self-life of certain ports and districts in the Yangtze Valley, and the advertising of the loan as a means of protection of their commercial interests. The loan, which was to be held in trust by the Inspector-General, was one where the interests of the provincial governors are not diametrically opposed to those of the central Government. Accordingly, little or no practical results were obtainable in the first instance from the efforts of the Inspector-General, but a distinct though faint face was given to the soft-spoken, but determined opposition of the local officials, and the general conclusions arrived at by the preliminary investigation into the subject were, first, that no satisfactory working scheme could be drawn up save after practical experience of the work itself in all its details, and, secondly, that actual supervision of the waterways and stations by an organized and well-arranged force was the most urgent necessity. Such a necessary measure, it is believed, the administration of colonial districts could be performed by a comparatively small number of trained men. So long, however, as the native officials remain even nominally in charge it will be hopeless to expect a handful of foreigners, by royal sanction only, to put a stop to existing abuses, to fathom the intricacies of local tariffs and port regulations, or to discover the secret sources of the enormous amount of illicit and salacious trade. It would, therefore, seem to be matter for regret that the data for examining effective control of the stations was not originally fixed and published in much more detail as of subsidiary provision being made of a trained preventive staff, since every delay in carrying the Emperor's edict means loss of face, and that in favour of those actually in possession of the stations, whether they be the porters of the loan or the Chinese.

This latter feature of the situation has impressed itself upon the central Government; the receipts at various stations for the last year showing a considerable decline, and the Yamen's anxiety on the subject has already found expression in variances to the liaison officials; needless to add, without result.

In the official prospectus of the loan it was stated that the *lithi* revenues were to be paid to the porters of the loan, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Macao stations, established under the original edict of March 2, which contained the loan, those like in revenue were to be placed under the Inspector-General's control of the Inspector-General, Sir Robert Hart, and were to be supervised and collected under conditions similar to those in force at Kowloon and Mac

INTIMATIONS
W. BREWER & CO.

Cuba and Porto Rico, by R. T. Hill \$5.50
Yesterdays in the Philippines, by Stevens 3.50
The Break-up of China, by Lord Charles 7.00
Beresford 7.00
Brassey's Naval Annual, 1899 10.00
The Queen's Empire—Illustrated 6.50
Navy and Army, vol. 1, 1899 10.00
Cassell's Academy—Illustrated, 5 Parts 3.50
Figaro—Illustr.—Salon edition, 6 Paris 7.00
Tales of the Malay Coast, by Wildman 2.50

NEW STOCK

TENNIS RACQUETS TENNIS BALLS
RUBBER BAT HANDLES CRICKET BATS
CRICKET BALLS FOOTBALLS
GOLF BALLS CRICKET LEG GUARDS
CRICKET BATTING AND WICKET GLOVES

No. 5 Blaiklester TYPE WRITER \$55.00
Very good, very cheap, very simple, very
handy.

Hongkong, 7th July, 1899. [130]

VIOLINS.

SPECIAL OFFER
1. VIOLIN
of Excellent
Quality. Complete for
1 CASE \$20.
1 BOW
1 TUTOR.MODELS FOR CONNOISSEURS
Violin Model \$100
Do. 120
Violin Model 90
Violin Model 80
Clip-Violinum 75
Violin Model 65
Violin Model 55
Do. 25INSPECTION INVITED.
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.
Musical Department.
Hongkong, 7th July, 1899. [1730]CARMICHAEL & BARLOW,
Consulting Engineers, Surveyors, and
Contractors.
QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.DESIGNS and Specifications prepared for
any class of Steamships, Launches and
light draught vessels a specialist. Contractors
for machinery, steam and electric, of any type of
machinery, for work and marine purposes.
New and second hand Launches for sale.

Telegrams: "Carmichael", Hongkong.

Telephone: 292.

H. F. CARMICHAEL,
E. J. BARLOW.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1899. [1489]

C. LAZARUS & CO.,
60 & 61, BENTINCK STREET,
CALCUTTA.Telegraph Address: A.R.C. Code
"MAHOGANY" Calcutta. 4th Edition used.THE STANDARD
INDIAN BILLIARD TABLE.Manufactured throughout in Calcutta and
guaranteed to stand the tropical
climate.PRICE, complete with accessories for Billiard
Rs. 1,350, packed.SPECIAL ADVANTAGE—
We take all RISKS against Breakage.See our latest PRICE LIST
To Hongkong Daily Press Office. [297-2]

FOR SALE.

JEFREYS & SON HAMMERLESS
12 BORE GUNS.One Second Hand DOUBLE BARREL
8 BORE GUN in Case Complete (cheap).One Second Hand DOUBLE BARREL
10 BORE GUN in Case Complete (cheap).REVOLVERS, RIFLES, SMOKELESS
POWDER, and SPORTING AMMUNI-
TION of every description.WM. SCHMIDT & CO.,
BEACONSFIELD ARCADE,
Hongkong, 4th July, 1899. [1777]MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA
No. 6, ICHI HOUSE STREET, PRAYA CENTRAL.Head Office—TOKYO.
Branch Office—LONDON, NEW YORK, BOS-
TON, SINGAPORE, SHANGAI, TIAN-
JIN, NEWchwang, and all Ports in
JAPAN.

42 ENCL 281.

Mitsui Coal Mines.

Okinawa Coal Mines.

Kanada Coal Mines.

The Mitsui Cotton Spinning Mill, Ltd.

Tokyo Marine Insurance Co., Limited.

Imperial Government Paper Mills.

Cotton Cleaning and Working Co.,

Shanghai.

Onoda Cement Company, Japan.

Kuregatachi Cotton Spinning Mill.

Tokyo Cotton Spinning Mill, Japan.

Hayashi Clock Factory.

Hongkong, 4th August, 1899. [2347]

CHEONG HEE & CO.
JEWELLERS.BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, CURIOS, CHINA
PORCELAINS, JAPANESE CLOISONNÉ, and
FOREIGN GOODS.

2882 No. 8, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

DORTLAND & COEMEN T

J. B. W. WITE & BROS.

Some AGENTS for CHINA,
HOLIDAY, WISE & CO.

Hongkong, 11th July, 1899. [1612]

AMERICAN SYSTEM
OF
DENTISTRYNo. 39, Queen's Road Central,
CHADWICK KEW.

(Late of Poole & Boole)

Hongkong, 13th July, 1899. [1593]

CARBOLINEUM—AVENARIUS
USED FOR OVER 20 YEARS.A thoroughly reliable preservative for Wood
and Stone against White Ants, Decay, Fungi
Rot, and Dampness.

See Agents for China,

LÜTGENS, EINSTMANN & CO.,
Hongkong, 31st August, 1897. [810]

DUNIART PERE & FILS, SEIMSS

Established 1719.

CHAMPAGNE GROWERS AND
SHIPPERS.

Supply the finest Quality

Extra Dry, Sweet, and

LAUEN, WEGENER & CO.,
Sole Agents.

Hongkong, 17th May, 1898. [1356]

BOMBAJ GUINAH TRADING COR-
PORATION, LIMITED.

BANGKOK and RANGOON.

TEAK, SQUARES, PLANES, BOARDS and
SCALPINGS, PLIERS, TONGUED, and GROOVED
BOARDS, for ELODGING, CARLING, WALLING
etc., TEAK SHINGLES for ROOFING.PINKADOK RAILWAY SLEEPERS, Fox all
GAUGES.

Rates Supplied and Orders Booked by

JARDINE, MATTHESON & CO.,
Hongkong 3rd May, 1898. [122]

FUN SALE
ROBINSON PIANO CO.
HIGH CLASS PIANOS
for HIRE of EASY PAYMENTS
THE ONLY FIRM DEVOTED ENTIRELY TO MUSIC TRADE.

DR. KNORR'S
ANTIPIRINE
Doluted
"LION BRAND"
in Powder and Crystals also in Doses of 5 grains,
easily soluble in Water, Wine, &c.
FEVER, RHEUMATIC & NEURALGIC
IRRITATION FROM ALCOHOLIC, INGOTINE, IN-
MOULINE, BORONINE, NEUROTHYMINE, IN-
FLUENZA, CHIPE & C.

(3) The best ANTIPIRINE, even in threatened
colic, because the caffeine of Migraine
isomeric simultaneously as an ANALGETIC.

Use only DR. OVERLACH'S MI-
GRAININE, "Lion Brand" and always
prescribe "MIGRAININE HORCHT".

The best median dose for adults in 17 grains
once or twice daily, in powder or in
solution.

Sale Manufacturers:

FAHRWERKE VORM. MEISTER
LUCIUS & BRUNING, HOECHST O. M.

Literature of the above Preparations supplied
 gratis at request to Medical men.

It is requested that the directions on the
box for making solutions shall be implicitly
followed.

CHINA EXPORT, IMPORT & BANK CO., Solo Agents for China.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS. [35]

INSURANCES

SCOTTISH METROPOLITAN
ASSURANCE CO.

The combined ACCIDENT and LIFE
POLICY is the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS
of INSURANCE.

A yearly premium of £28 2s. (age 30)
secures the following:

£2,000 in case of Death by accident.

£1,000 in case of Natural Death.

£1,000 in case of permanent total disabil-
ity by accident.

£500 in case of partial total disabil-
ity by accident.

£5 per week in case of temporary disabil-
ity by accident.

Accidents insured, for £24 and £22
per annum (£21,000 in case of death), by weekly
payments in case of injury.

For further Particulars apply to

W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO.
Hongkong, 16th July, 1898. [1822]

THE STATE FIRE INSURANCE COM-
PANY, LIMITED, OF LIVERPOOL.

The Undersigned having been appointed
AGENTS of the above Company, are prepared to
ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE
at Current Rates.

W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO.
Hongkong, 16th July, 1898. [1822]

THE SEASIDE FIRE INSURANCE COM-
PANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned having been appointed
AGENTS for above Company, are prepared to
ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

EAST ASIATIC TRADING CO.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1899. [112]

SUN INSURANCE OFFICE, LONDON

FOUNDED 1710.

The Undersigned having been appointed
AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to
ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1898. [1822]

THE STANDARD
INDIAN BILLIARD TABLE.

Manufactured throughout in Calcutta and
guaranteed to stand the tropical
climate.

PRICE, complete with accessories for Billiard
Rs. 1,350, packed.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGE—
We take all RISKS against Breakage.

See our latest PRICE LIST
To Hongkong Daily Press Office. [297-2]

FOR SALE.

JEFREYS & SON HAMMERLESS
12 BORE GUNS.

One Second Hand DOUBLE BARREL
8 BORE GUN in Case Complete (cheap).

One Second Hand DOUBLE BARREL
10 BORE GUN in Case Complete (cheap).

REVOLVERS, RIFLES, SMOKELESS
POWDER, and SPORTING AMMUNI-
TION of every description.

WM. SCHMIDT & CO.,
BEACONSFIELD ARCADE,
Hongkong, 4th July, 1899. [1777]

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA
No. 6, ICHI HOUSE STREET, PRAYA CENTRAL.

Head Office—TOKYO.
Branch Office—LONDON, NEW YORK, BOS-
TON, SINGAPORE, SHANGAI, TIAN-
JIN, NEWchwang, and all Ports in
JAPAN.

42 ENCL 281.

Mitsui Coal Mines.

Okinawa Coal Mines.

Kanada Coal Mines.

The Mitsui Cotton Spinning Mill, Ltd.

Tokyo Marine Insurance Co., Limited.

Imperial Government Paper Mills.

Cotton Cleaning and Working Co.,

Shanghai.

Onoda Cement Company, Japan.

Kuregatachi Cotton Spinning Mill.

Tokyo Cotton Spinning Mill, Japan.

Hayashi Clock Factory.

Hongkong, 4th August, 1899. [2347]

CHEONG HEE & CO.
JEWELLERS.

BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, CURIOS, CHINA
PORCELAINS, JAPANESE CLOISONNÉ, and
FOREIGN GOODS.

2882 No. 8, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

DORTLAND & COEMEN T

J. B. W. WITE & BROS.

Some AGENTS for CHINA,
HOLIDAY, WISE & CO.

Hongkong, 11th July, 1899. [1612]

AMERICAN SYSTEM
OF
DENTISTRY

No. 39, Queen's Road Central,
CHADWICK KEW.

(Late of Poole & Boole)

Hongkong, 13th July, 1899. [1593]

THE ONLY FIRM DEVOTED ENTIRELY TO MUSIC TRADE.

THE ONLY FIRM DEVOTED ENTIRELY TO MUSIC TRADE.

THE ONLY FIRM DEVOTED ENTIRELY TO MUSIC TRADE.

THE ONLY

